THE Numb. 12.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

From Friday, October, 15, to Friday, October 22, 1736.

The MONITOR. Nº. 10.

Tu nihil invita dices facive Minerva.
HOR. Art. Poet.

I Have made it my Obſervation, that your Common Diſputants in Converſation, are for ever poſitive and peremptory on every Subject they attempt to handle, tho' never ſo much out of their Sphere. They enter upon an Argument to ſhew their Wit, and exhauſt their whole Stock, without making Proviſion for any new. The Difference of our Talents are undoubtedly as various as our Faces; and were every Man confin'd to his proper Genius, we ſhould have greater Proficients, and leſs of the *Jack* of all Trades.

In Company the other Night, I was entertain'd by ſome Gentlemen, for the Space of Three Hours, in a Diſpute about Muſick. It wou'd be Endleſs to repeat the Witticiſms this Subject gave Birth to; and it wou'd have been very unjuſt to have deny'd them the Liberty of entertaining themſelves with Railery on a Subject that is ſo far from Sacred.

Nothing can be more unjuſt, than to imagine that the ſole Pleaſure in Hearing Good Muſick, conſiſts in the Sound; or that it is nothing but the Tickling of the Ear, and a mere Delight of Senſe, as they were pleas'd to call it. The Truth is, that altho' the Ear is the Vehicle of the Sounds in Muſick, as the Eye is of the Colours in Painting; yet the Pleaſure of the One, as well as the Other, does not conſiſt in the Perception of Sounds or Colours, but in the Perception of Harmony, Beauty, or Symmetry ariſing from them: The Hearing of Two or more Sounds is the Operation of Senſe; but the Perceiving of Harmony between them is the Act of the Mind. To call Muſick therefore a Pleaſure of the Ear, is no leſs improper, than it would be to ſtile Reading the Pleaſure of the Eye, or Writing the Pleaſure of the Hand: The Ear, the Eye, and the Hand, furniſh the Materials; but it is the Operation of the Mind upon thoſe Materials that gives the Delight.

This Power of perceiving of Harmony in Sounds, is what is generally call'd an Ear for Muſick: Thoſe who are poſſeſs'd of it, will enter into the Remarks I am making: As for thoſe who have it not, it would be as impoſſible to give them any Notion of the Pleaſure ariſing from Harmony, as to convey to a blind Man an Idea of Colour. I would therefore adviſe thoſe Gentlemen that find themſelves unmov'd by Harmony, (which I take for granted are but few,) to look upon Muſick as a Thing out of their Province; and I warn them from intermedling with it in any Manner whatſoever; for Fear of making that fooliſh Figure which is ſo well deſcrib'd in the old Proverb, *Aſinus ad Lyram*.

From the POLITICAL STATE for *June*, 1736.

AT the Anniverſary Meeting of the Clergy of *London*, at *Sion* College on the 18th of laſt Month, it was unanimouſly reſolved, That the humble Thanks of the Clergy of *London*, ſhould be given to their moſt worthy Diocеſan, the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of *London*, for the ſeveral excellent and ſeaſonable Defences he had made of the Doctrines of the Chriſtian Faith; and for the many and great Inſtances of his Care and Vigilance in maintaining the Conſtitution of the Church of *England*, in its preſent happy Eſtabliſhment, and the legal Rights of the Clergy; and, in particular, for the ſteady and vigorous Oppoſition which he had lately given to the Attempt that had been made upon them. It was likewiſe unanimouſly agreed, at the ſame Time, That the ſaid Reſolution ſhould be entered by their Regiſter into the Acts of the ſaid College, to remain there as a perpetual Memorial of the juſt Senſe which the Clergy of *London* had of their ſingular Happineſs, in being under the Protection and Government of ſo wiſe and able a Prelate; who ſhewed, upon all Occaſions, ſo Paternal an Affection to his own Clergy, ſo great Watchfulneſs and Attention to the true Intereſts and Welfare of the Church of *England*, and ſo much Prudence and Steadineſs in defending the Doctrines, the Rights, and the Eſtabliſhment of it.

And on the 19th, the Clergy in the Neighbourhood of the Devizes in *Wiltſhire*, had a Meeting to conſider of a proper Method of manifeſting the grateful Senſe they retain of their Preſervation, from that ſtrange and unheard of Infringement of their Rights, which was lately attempted by the Quakers in their Tythe Bill; and they agreed to depute Two Members of their Body to attend their learned and worthy Diocеſan on his firſt Arrival at *Salisbury*, to return His Lordſhip their humble and hearty Thanks for the indefatigable Pains he had taken, and the firm Stand he made, agreeable to the Truſt and Duties of his high Station, in Defence of their juſt and indiſputable Rights and Privileges; and to beſeech His Lordſhip to take an Opportunity of expreſſing, in ſuch Manner as to him ſhall ſeem meet, the ſincere Reſpect and Gratitude which they bore in their Hearts to all thoſe noble and honourable Peers of the Realm, who ſhewed a due Regard for the Rights and Properties of the Clergy of *England* on that Occaſion.

The Synod of *Fife*, in *Scotland*, having met in *April* laſt, took upon them to appoint a Day of Faſting and Humiliation thro' all their Diſtrict, on Account of the Burden the Church of *Scotland* labours under by the Patronage Act not being removed, &c. And the Synods of *Perth* and *Stirling* took upon them the ſame Authority, by appointing likewiſe a Day of Faſting and Humiliation on the ſame Account, within their reſpective Diſtricts.

This Day of Faſting and Humiliation was accordingly kept in the moſt ſolemn and reſpectful Manner by all the poor People in that Country; and what added to the Enthuſiaſm of the People, was, that about the ſame Time there happened a moſt terrible Earthquake in the Neighbourhood of *Stirling*, and along the *Ochil* Hills, which lie between that and *Perth*, there having been Two ſevere Shocks in the Forenoon, and Three more about Twelve o'Clock that Night, or between that Hour and One o'Clock next Morning; each of which was attended with a great Noiſe under Ground, and ſome Houſes were rent, and the People in many others ſo frightned, that they fled out of their Houſes, for fear they ſhould come tumbling down about their Ears.

On the 24th of *April* laſt, there was a Grand Meeting of the Guild at *Dublin*, where above a Hundred and Fifty eminent Merchants were preſent: The Occaſion of their Meeting was to draw up a Petition, to his Grace the Lord Lieutenant and Council, againſt lowering their Gold

Gold Coin; among other Reaſons, for the following, *viz.* That by leſſening the Exchange it would enable the Abſentees to live at *London*, with greater Advantage than they can do at preſent.

Among the reſt, the Rev. and worthy Dr. *Swift*, Dean of St. *Patrick*'s, appeared as a Member of the Guild, and as he has always behav'd with a proper Zeal and Concern, when he thought the Intereſt of his Country at Stake, he made a Speech upon this Occaſion; Part of which was to the following Purpoſe, *viz.*

Gentlemen,

'I Beg you will conſider, and very well weigh in your Hearts what I am going to ſay, and what I have 'often ſaid before in other Companies. There are ſe-'veral Perſons among whom the Power of this Kingdom 'is divided; firſt, the Lord Lieutenant, Lords Juſtices, 'and Council; next to theſe my Lords the Biſhops; 'there is likewiſe my Lord High Chancellor, and my 'Lords the Judges of the Land, with other eminent Per-'ſons in the Law, who have Employments and great Sa-'laries annexed; to theſe muſt be added the Commiſ-'ſioners of the Revenue, with all their under Officers; 'and laſtly, their Honours of the Army, of all Degrees. 'Now, Gentlemen, I beg you again to conſider, that not 'one of theſe Perſons above-named can ſuffer the 'Loſs of one Farthing by all the Miſeries under which 'the Kingdom groans at preſent. For, firſt, until the 'Kingdom be entirely ruined, the Lord Lieutenant, and 'Lords Juſtices muſt have their Salaries: My Lords the 'Biſhops, whoſe Lands are ſet at a fourth Part Value, 'will be ſure of their Rents and their Fines: My Lords 'the Judges, and thoſe of other Employments in the 'Courts, muſt likewiſe have their Salaries: The Gen-'tlemen of the Revenue will pay themſelves; and, as to 'the Officers of the Army, the Conſequences of not paying 'them is obvious enough. Nay, ſo far will thoſe Per-'ſons I have already mentioned be from ſuffering, that, 'on the contrary, their Revenues being no ways leſſened 'by the Fall of Money, and the Prices of all Commodi-'ties conſiderably ſunk thereby, they muſt be great 'Gainers: Therefore, Gentlemen, I do entreat you, that 'as long as you live, you will look upon all Perſons who 'are for lowering the Gold, or any other Coin, as no 'Friends to this poor Kingdom, but ſuch who find their 'private Account in what will be moſt detrimental to '*Ireland*. And as the Abſentees are in the ſtrongeſt 'Views our greateſt Enemies, firſt, by conſuming above 'one Half of the Rents of this Nation abroad; and ſe-'condly, by turning the Weight, by their Abſence, ſo 'much on the *Popiſh* Side, by weakening the *Proteſtant* 'Intereſt; Can there be a greater Folly than to ſupport 'them in their Luxury and Vanity abroad, while Hun-'dreds of Thouſands are ſtarving at Home for want of 'Employment?'

On the *Tueſday* thereafter the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Sheriffs of *Dublin*, waited on his Grace the Lord Lieutenant with the ſaid Petition, which his Grace was pleaſed to receive in a very gracious Manner.' On the 7th of laſt Month a great Number of the Merchants of *Dublin* met again at the *Tholſel*, to conſider of Means for preventing the Lowering of their Coin, and afterwards went in a Body, accompanied by their two Repreſentatives in Parliament, and the Rev. Dr. *Swift*, to wait on his Grace the Lord Lieutenant, to whom the Dean made a Speech, and in the ſtrongeſt and moſt pathetick Manner, ſet forth the ill Conſequences that would enſue to that Kingdom, if the current Value of their Coin ſhould be reduced; and the next Day the Affair was taken into Conſideration before the Council, when the City of *Dublin* were heard by their Counſel, *viz. E. Stannard*, Eſq; their Recorder, and *Anthony Malone*, Eſq; in Support of their ſaid Petition, who gave ſo many, and ſuch ſtrong Reaſons againſt lowering their Coin; that, if there ever was any ſuch Deſign, 'tis to be hoped, it will be laid aſide; for it is certain, that, in our preſent Circum-ſtances, it would be moſt ridiculous to lower the current Value of our Gold and Silver Coin, either in *Great-Britain* or *Ireland*: Such a Meaſure would, indeed, tend greatly to the Advantage of our Placemen, Penſioners, publick Creditors, and other Uſurers; but, for that very Reaſon, it is to be hoped it will never be followed; for their Intereſt generally lies in that Point which is directly oppoſite to the Intereſt of the Nation, and the Happineſs of the People.

LONDON, July 16.

The beginning of this Year ſome Noblemen and Gentlemen, to the Number of 102, formed a Society for the *Encouragement of Learning*. The Depoſite on Entrance is Ten Guineas, the Yearly Subſcription is Two Guineas. The Duke of Richmond is Preſident; and Brian Fairfax, Eſq; Vice-Preſident; Sir Hugh Smithſon, and Sir Thomas Robinſon, Barts. the Truſtees for this Year; and the Committee of Managers are,

Earl of *Hartford*,
Earl of *Abercorn*,
Earl of *Oxford*,
Earl of *Stanhope*,
Lord *Percival*,
Sir *Brownlow Sherrard*, Bart.
The Hon. *William Talbot*,
Dr. *Richard Mead*,
Dr. *Alexander Steuart*,
Dr. *Robert Barker*,
Dr. *Addiſon Hutton*,
The Rev. Mr. *Tho. Birch*,
Mr. *Charles Frederic*.
James Weſt, Eſq;
Major *Edwards*,
Benjamin Martyn, Eſq;
George Lewis Scott, Eſq;
Paul Whitehead, Eſq;
Mr. *J. Ward*, Profeſſor at *Greſham* College.
James Thomſon, Eſq;
Samuel Strutt, Eſq;
Daniel Makercher, Eſq;
George Sale, Eſq;
The Rev. Mr. *G. Watts*.

By their Statutes, which are dated *May* 27, 1736, their General Meetings are to be the Firſt *Thurſdays* in *Auguſt*, *November*, *February*, and *May*. The Committee meet every Week, and ſuch Works as they ſhall direct, are to be printed at the Expence, or by the Aſſiſtance of the Society; who are to ſettle the Price of Books to be printed; but the Authors are to make over their Properties in the ſame, and their Intereſt in the whole Impreſſion to the Treaſurer, in Truſt for the Society; or give ſuch farther Security for reimburſing the Charges of Printing and Publiſhing, as ſhall be judged proper by the Committee; on Repayment of which Charges the Security to be delivered up. Eight of the 24 Managers are to be changed every Year, and not re-elected 'til after Three Years. All the future Members are to be propoſed at a Meeting of the Committee of Managers, remain propoſed 8 Days, and not to be admitted but by a Majority of Two Thirds of the Committee then preſent, on a Ballot. No Member of the Society (as ſuch) to receive any Profit or Advantage for the ſame. The Managers are not to expend above 200 l. on any Work without Conſent of a General Meeting. The Treaſurer to pay no Sum but by Order of Five of the Managers; and if the Sum be above 10 l. he is to draw on the Truſtees for it, and they on the Bank. The Accounts to be audited every 8 Months. The preſent Auditors are the Hon. *John Talbot*, *Henry Talbot*, *Henry Kenſall*, *Edward Stephenſon*, and *William Newland*, Eſqs;

London, July 17.

This Morning, about One o'Clock died, after a tedious Indiſpoſition of the Gout, the Right Hon. Nicholas Leak, Earl of Scarſdale, at his Houſe in Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter; but leaving no Iſſue, the Title is extinct. In the Reign of Queen Anne, he was Lord-Lieutenant and Cuſtos Rotulorum of the County of Derby, and Envoy Extraordinary to the Court of Vienna: He was deſcended from Sir Francis Leake of Sutton in Derby-ſhire, Knt. who in the 9th of James I. was created a Baronet, and afterwards a Baron; and in the Time of the Civil Wars, he ſhew'd his Loyalty to King Charles I. not only by yielding Supply to his Wants, but Advice in his Council, whilſt Newark upon Trent remained one of his Garriſons, wherefore the King advanced him to the Dignity of Earl of Scardale; but having ſuffered greatly for his Loialty in thoſe ruinous Times, he became ſo much mortify'd after the Murder of his Sovereign, that he apparel'd himſelf in Sackcloth; and having cauſed his Grave to be dug ſome Years before his Death, he lay down in it every Friday, exerciſing himſelf in Divine Meditations and Prayers; and died in 1655.

Charles-Town

Charleſtown, South-Carolina, *July* 3.

About 6 Weeks ago, 14 of the *Curaboes* having been inform'd of the Præmium to be given by this Government for bringing *Tuſcorora* Indians dead or alive, went out in Queſt of them, and meeting a Party of 100 Men, they laid down in a Swamp to let them paſs by; and ſeeing Three of that Party following at a Diſtance, they fired upon them, killed Two on the Spot, and wounded the Third. The Noiſe of the Guns alarming the others, they went to ſurround the Place, ſuſpecting Enemies, but the *Curaboes* having ſcalp'd the two Men they had kill'd, eſcap'd, and came to Town on Tueſday laſt with the reſt of their Party, 31 in Number.

On the ſame Day one of the Head Men with Two Warriors of the Upper Creek Indians arrived here to renew their Friendſhip with this Province.

July 10. On Saturday laſt in the Afternoon, King *Opahatchoo* of the Upper Creeks, and one of the beloved Men from the *Abecoes*, and one Head Warrior of the *Cuſſatoes*, of the Lower Creek Indians, were ſent for to come to the Governor in Council, where the ſaid King begun his Speech, which was interpreted to the following Purpoſe:

'THAT when the Commiſſioners had told him to come down, tho' it was a great Way, he reſolv'd 'to come very willingly, and was arrived here in a good 'Day, not expecting a bad Day; that he was heartily 'glad to ſee the Governor and all his Brothers the White 'People here; and as he came with one Heart and one 'Mouth, he wiſh'd that the Traders might go Abroad in 'Peace amongſt them from this Place as they did before, 'for the White People were all one to him, not knowing 'nor expecting any Difference betwixt them. That he 'did not come here for any Fee, nor expected he any 'Thing that is bad; but that as he did not talk for himſelf, but for all his People, he would not have the River that goes round to be ſtop'd for the Carriage of 'Rum; That he ſaw there (at *Georgia*,) was a Chief, 'and here was a Chief, all White People, and all alike 'to him, but that he chuſes this Place to deal with as 'his Friends; that he is a Red Man, and the Ground 'did belong to them, but they had parted with the 'Land on this Side the River, and had no Pretention to 'it, but that on the other Side was for the Red People, 'and their Land: That Mr. *Mc.Coy*, being up in their 'Land, over-reach'd him, and that he having not talk'd 'with the People here, had given his Conſent to build 'a Fort, but that he now ſaid, that whoever ſhall 'build a Fort on his Land ſhall outdo him; and that 'his Words ſhould be the ſame there as here, and he 'not be found a Liar.'

July 24. Altho' our Neighbours, the *Georgians*, have already gone ſo far as to compel us by Force to ſubmit to their Laws, and to give up our Trade to them, by ſending an Agent with a Force of Men to the *Cherokee* Nation, to ſeize the Goods and Effects of the Traders that are licenſed by this Government; and altho' the Principle of Self-defence and Preſervation, when we are unlawfully invaded, is natural, and takes Place all over the World, and Force is uſed to be oppoſed to Force: Our Aſſembly neverthleſs has proceeded with much greater Moderation in protecting and maintaining the Juſt Rights and Liberties of his Majeſty's Subjects of this Province, acquired and defended for many Years with great Expence and Bloodſhed; they have thought proper to ſend up a Committee of both Houſes to Mr. *Oglethorpe*, to treat with him on proper Meaſures to preſerve the Peace and Tranquility of both Provinces.

Auguſt 7. The Committee ſent by the General Aſſembly of this Province, to treat with Mr. *Oglethorpe*, arrived at *Savannah* in *Georgia*, on Saturday laſt; they were ſaluted at their Arrival with 15 Guns, and receiv'd by Mr. *Cauſton* in Abſence of Mr. *Oglethorpe*. They are expected here very ſoon.

Auguſt 14. On Sunday laſt in the Evening arrived from the *Savannah*, in *Georgia*, the Honourable the Committee of the Two Houſes of Aſſembly of this Province, mentioned before. They were received here under the Diſcharge of 15 Cannon from *Granville's* Baſtion, and the Fire of the Guns from on board the Shipping in the Harbour; and who inform us they were very kindly received and entertained by the Honourable *James Oglethorpe*, Eſq; during their Stay at *Savannah*. What the Succeſs of their Negotiations in particular has been, we have not yet learned, as the Two Houſes of Aſſembly to which they are to make their Report, are not Sitting: But thus much is ſaid, (and from the Reaſonableneſs and Juſtice of the Thing, there is no doubt to be made of the Truth of it,) that they had prevailed on the Honourable Mr. *Oglethorpe*, to ſend Orders to his Agents and Officers in the Indian Nations, not to ſeize or moleſt the Traders from this Province, and alſo to ſettle the Navigation up the River *Savannah*, we believe to Satisfaction, until his Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure ſhould be known, on the humble Petition and Repreſentation of the Two Houſes of Aſſembly, which was ſent Home in Capt. *Baker*. From whence we hope, that that Harmony and good Underſtanding, which is ſo abſolutely neceſſary to the Welfare of both, will be reſtored between the Two Provinces.

Auguſt 21. We are informed by private Letters from London, That his Majeſty has granted a large Tract of Land behind the Two *Carolinas* to the *Swiſs*, who are to ſend over their People at their own Expence; and they have aſſured the Government, in a few Years they will ſend at their own Expence, above 100,000 of their People. By Agreement they are not to ſettle themſelves within 150 Miles of the Sea.

Prices of the following Goods here. Rice 53 *s.* 9 *d.* to 55 *s.* Pitch per Barrel, 35 *s.* Tar 25 *s.* Turpentine 12 *s.* 6 *d.* per Hundred.

Mr. *Parks*,

The following Lines were ſome Years ago, preſented to me by a Lady; and as I don't remember I ever ſaw them in Print, your inſerting them in your Paper will, I dare ſay, oblige many of your Readers, as well as your humble Servant.

The LADY's COMPLAINT.

CUSTOM, alas! doth partial prove,
Nor gives us equal Meaſure;
A Pain for us it is to love,
But is to Men a Pleaſure.

They plainly can their Thoughts diſcloſe,
Whilſt ours muſt burn within:
We have got Tongues, and Eyes, in Vain,
And Truth from us is Sin.

Men to new Joys and Conqueſts fly,
And yet no Hazard run:
Poor we are left, if we deny,
And if we yield, undone,

Then Equal Laws let Cuſtom find,
And neither Sex oppreſs;
More Freedom give to Womankind,
Or give to Mankind leſs.

The Reader is deſired to correct an Error of the Preſs, *in the laſt Gazette*, viz. *In the 27th Line of the* Monitor, *inſtead of*, makes a Friend an Enemy, *read*, makes a Friend of an Enemy.

Enter'd at the Port of York *River*, None.

Clear'd ſince our laſt, Betty Snow, of Briſtol, James Phelps, for Briſtol.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE Acts of Aſſembly, paſs'd at the laſt Seſſion, being now in the Preſs, will be publiſh'd, and ſent to the ſeveral Counties, with all poſſible Expedition.

WARNER's Almanack, for the Year 1737, is alſo in the Preſs, and will be publiſh'd in about Three Weeks.

This Day is publiſh'd,

POEMS on ſeveral Occaſions, never before printed. By a Gentleman of *Virginia*. Price ſtitch'd 15 *d.*

Maryland

Maryland ſs.

RAN away, from the Subſcribers, on *Monday* Night, being the 12th Inſtant, from the Town of *Cambridge*, on Great *Choptank* River, in a Long-boat belonging to Mr. *Thomas Nevett*, having a blue Vane, with *T. N.* on it, the following Perſons, viz. *Thomas Ablewhite*, of a middle ſtature, dark Complexion, dark Wigg, Dark-colour'd Coat turn'd; a red Duffil Great-coat, and blue Broad cloth Breeches. *Jane Shepherd*, a luſty fat Woman, having a Gold-lac'd Hat, a dark brown Holland Gown, and another ſtriped ordinary One; alſo Cambrick Pinners and Handkerchiefs, with ſeveral Aprons and Shifts; is an *Engliſh* Woman. *Francis O'Conner*, a tall ſpare *Iriſh* Man, being thin and poorly cloath'd, wore his own ſhort black Hair, a Felt Hat, blue Stockings, a check'd Shirt, and had ſeveral other white Shirts, a Gun, a Remnant of coarſe brown Holland, and ſeveral other Things. *Mary Barnes*, having a green Silk-Poplin Gown, fac'd with Yellow; a ſickly Countenance, and much bloated. And *Jane Harlett*, a *Scotch* Woman, having a ſtrip'd Calimanco Gown, a Platt Hat, and ſeveral other Things.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Perſons, and Boat, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive of the Subſcribers, Ten Pounds current Money of this Province; or for each Perſon as followeth, if taken ſeparate,

For *Thomas Ablewhite*, the Sum of 2 *l.* 10 *s.* For *Francis O'Conner*, 5 *l.* For *Jane Shepherd*, 5 *l.* For *Jane Harlett*, 20 *s.* For *Mary Barnes*, 5 *s.* For the Boat, 2 *l.* As alſo Reaſonable Charges for all or either of them, paid by

Thomas Nevett.
Thomas Watkins.

Williamsburg, *October* 22, 1736.

RAN away, about the middle of *Auguſt* laſt, from *Roy*'s Warehouſe, in *Caroline* County, Two new Negro Men, of a middle Stature; one of them of a yellow Complexion, with a Scar on the Top of his Head. The other a black Fellow; and they took with them ſeveral Linen Cloths, and Cotton Frocks, without Sleeves, which they had when I bought them. Whoever takes up the ſaid Slaves, and brings them to the above-mentioned Warehouſe, ſhall have Two Piſtoles Reward, beſides what the Law directs, paid by *Peyton Smith.*

STolen or ſtrayed, about a Fortnight ſince, from *Parſons*'s Branch, 13 Miles above *Aſhby*'s, in *Orange* County, a Strawberry-colour'd Horſe, branded on the near Buttock HI, with a Blaze in his Face. Alſo a Red Sorrel Horſe, with a Blaze; the Brand forgot. They belong to Major *Robert Brooke*, of *Eſſex* County, who was on his Journey to the Frontiers, on Occaſion of ſettling the Bounds of the Lands, between the King, and the Lord *Fairfax*. Whoever will give Information of them, to Mr. *Andrew Bradford*, in *Philadelphia*, to Mr. *George Neilſon*, in *Annapolis*, *Maryland*, to the Owner aforeſaid, or to *William Parks*, Printer of this Paper, he ſhall be thankfully rewarded: Or if any Perſon will bring them to me, in *Eſſex* County, he ſhall have Five Piſtoles Reward, or proportionable for either, paid by

Robert Brooke.

RAN away, on *Monday*, the 4th Inſtant, from the Subſcriber's Plantation, in *Lancaſter* County, a Negroe Fellow, named *Will*. He is a luſty well-ſet Fellow, with a yellow Complexion; one of his middle Fingers has been hurt, and ſo by that Means is larger than the other; he has a large Scar on the Top of one of his Feet. Had on, when he went away, an Oznabrig Shirt, a Pair of Crocus Breeches, a Manx-cloth Waſtcoat, and a Worſted Cap. 'Tis ſuppos'd he went away with a Man and a Boy in a *Southward* Petty-Augre. The Man is of a middle Stature, a white Viſage, his Hair ſhort, and wears a Cap. He had on a knit Frock, a pair of canvas Breeches, and goes by the Name of *James Gunly*; he took with him a ſmall white-look'd Boy. The Petty-Augre has a ſquare Stern, with a Stem like a Boat, has Two Maſts, and *Bermuda* Sails. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Negroe, or gives Notice of him, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have a Piſtole Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid by *Chaltin Chowning.*

A Parcel of Engliſh Calf-Skins, mark'd I L, were ſent in a Ship to *Rappahannock*, the laſt Spring; but cannot be heard of by the Owner. Any Perſon who will give Information of them to Mr. *Robert Munford*, in *Prince George* County, or to the Printer of this Paper, ſhall be thankfully rewarded for his Trouble.

RAN away the 20th of *July* laſt, from the Subſcriber, an *Iriſh* convict ſervant Man, named *Cornelius McMerbon*, he is above a middle Stature, and well proportioned, not very dark Hair'd, between 30 and 40 Years of Age, well cloathed, and had about 4 Pounds Caſh when he went away. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that he may be brought to me, in the County of *Lancaſter*, ſhall be paid Fifty Shillings, beſides what the Law allows, *Richard Boatman.*

RAN away, on the 30th of *September* laſt, from Mr. *Patrick Creagh*, of the City of *Annapolis*, Two Servant Men: One named *John Conner*, a Sail-maker by Trade, much Pock-fretten and freckl'd in the Face; has Red Hair and Beard, wears a Wig or Cap, is an *Iriſh* Man, and talks upon the Brogue: Had with him a dark brown Pea-Jacket and Breeches, and is ſuppoſed to have ſome other Cloaths; He came this Year from *Briſtol*, in the Ship *Eſſex*, Capt. *Henry Morgan*, Commander. The other named *Ralph Taylor*, a *North-Country* Man, is a Middle-ſiz'd Man, of a ſlow Speech, wears his Hair, which is of a brown Colour, and is a Convict: Had on a brown Coat, and Oznabriggs Trowſers. Went away (alſo) with them, a Servant Woman, named *Sarah Miers*, a *Dutch* Woman, and talks broken *Engliſh*, pretty Tall, Round Shoulder'd, Likely in the Face, and had a flat Noſe: They took with them ſome Wearing Apparel, viz. A dark Grey Coat trimm'd with Black, a Woman's Blue Cloak, fac'd with White Silk; a Seeſucker Gown, one white Linen Ditto; one ſtrip'd Calimanco Ditto, a brown Camblet Petticoat, a Woman's *Bermuda* Hat, lin'd with Blue Silk, and ſeveral other Things, viz. Bedding, Linnen, and in particular a Red Rugg. They went in an old Carvil Work Long-Boat, with one Maſt, and a Square Sail. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Servants, and brings them to the Subſcriber, living in *Annapolis*, ſhall have Five Pounds Current Money as a Reward, and reaſonable Charges: And if taken out of this Province, they ſhall have Six Pounds in Gold Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by *Patrick Creagh.*

STrayed or Stolen from the Subſcriber, in St. *Margaret*'s Pariſh, in *Caroline* County, the 7th of *July* laſt, a large Bay Mare, and a Mare Colt: The Mare has a long Tail and Mane, branded on the near Buttock B. is very large. The Colt is ſuppoſed to be of a Dark Bay.—— The Mare is well known to Major *John Bolling*, on *James* River, and ſuppoſed to be gone towards his Houſe, if not ſtolen; if ſtolen, ſuppoſed to be carried to the *Norward*. Whoever brings the ſaid Mare and Colt to the Place aforeſaid, ſhall be paid Two Piſtoles and their Expences: And, if any Perſon apprehends the Perſon that ſtole them, ſo that he be brought to a fair Trial for the Fact, ſhall be paid Fifteen Piſtoles, by *Benjamin Walker.*

Lately Publiſh'd,

AN ESSAY on the PLEURISY: Wherein the Cauſe of that Diſeaſe is plainly accounted for, from the Circumſtances of this Climate; a Remedy almoſt abſolutely certain is preſcribed, which is founded on Experience; and is a Vegetible that grows plentifully in many Places of this Country. By JOHN TENNENT. *Williamsburg*: Printed and Sold by *William Parks*. Price 1 *s.* 10 *d.* ½.

TO be Sold by *John Tennent*, in *Spotſylvania* County, 1000 Acres of good Land lying in *Orange* County: The ſaid Land is about Fifty Miles above the Falls of *Rappahanock* River; and there is a main Road from it to the ſaid River.

Williamsburg, *October* 15, 1736.

RAN away ſome Time ago, from the Subſcriber, a Servant Man, named *Robert Croſon*, a Taylor, born in *Virginia*, aged about 26, of a middle Stature, a pale Complection, a ſharp Noſe, and a down Look. He had on when he went away, (with a Servant of Mr. *Geddy*'s,) a pair of brown Breeches with green Puffs, a pair of brown Yarn Stockings, a blue and white ſtript Waſtecoat, and a white Shirt. He was ſome Time ago, taken up in *Charles-City* County, and carried before Mr. *Hardyman*, where he ſwore that he was no Sevant, and ſo was whipt and diſcharged. Whoever will bring the ſaid Servant to the Subſcriber in *Williamsburg*, ſhall receive Ten Shillings as a Reward, beſides what the Law allows, paid by *William Wyatt.*

Williamsburg: Printed by W. PARKS. By whom Subſcriptions are taken for this Paper, at 15 *s. per Annum*: And BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.